





The Need for Stringent Quality Guidelines for Local Stingless Bees End-Products

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Outline:

- Types, composition and biological properties
- End-products
- Traditional Medicine/ Natural products
- Quality
- Safety
- Efficacy
- Cosmetics















Honey bees





Bee bread











Stingless bees







Bee bread

Composition (honey)

- carbohydrates (fructose, glucose, maltose, sucrose)
- proteins enzyme glucose oxidase
- minerals calcium, iron, zinc
- vitamins A, B, C, E, K
- phenolic compounds (flavonoids & phenolic acids)

Biological properties (honey)

- antioxidant (protects against free radicals)
- anticancer
- antibacteria
- antiulcer
- antidiabetes

ELSEVIER

"ST26943", 2nd International Conference on Agricultural and Food Engineering, CAFEi2014"

Total Phenolic Contents and Colour Intensity of Malaysian Honeys from the *Apis* spp. and *Trigona* spp. Bees

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ANTIOXIDANT PROPERTIES AND INHIBITORY EFFECTS OF TRIGONA HONEY AGAINST Staphylococcus aureus PLANKTONIC AND BIOFILM CULTURES

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*Corresponding Author, Received: 9 May 2016, Revised: 22 Aug. 2016, Accepted: 9 Dec. 2016

ABSTRACT: Trigona honey was analyzed for bactericidal and antibiofilm potencies using plate count and spectrophotometry methods, respectively, against different *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates, including ATCC 25923 strain, ATCC 33591 methicillin resistant strain (MRSA), and two clinical isolates from wounds. Besides, the relationship between anti-staphylococcal effects and antioxidant capacity of Trigona honey was discussed. All *S. aureus* isolates were highly susceptible to the antibacterial action of Trigona honey. Lysis of the planktonic bacterial cells was observed using scanning electron microscopy. Despite moderate levels of phenolic content (106.62 mg GAE/kg), DPPH free radical scavenging activity (40.94% RSA), and FRAP value (419.50 µM Fe (II)/100g), Trigona honey exhibited potent inhibitory effect (75-90%) on biofilm formation, especially in 20% (v/v) honey. Additionally, the effects of functional phytochemicals and acidity (pH 2.31) in 20% (v/v) honey were suggested to contribute up to 70% reduction on established biofilm. In short, Trigona honey exhibited high antibacterial and antibiofilm activities, suggesting a potential therapeutic agent in staphylococcal wound infection.

Keywords: Stingless bee honey, Antioxidant, Antibacterial, Antibiofilm, Trigona



Original article

Pancreatoprotective effects of *Geniotrigona thoracica* stingless bee honey in streptozotocin-nicotinamide-induced male diabetic rats



Muhammad Shakir Abdul Aziz^a, Nelli Giribabu^b, Pasupuleti Visweswara Rao^{a,c,**}, Naguib Salleh^{b,*}

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ARTICLE INFO ABSTRACT 25 y (SL -NC -N+H1 -N+H2 ver u Fasting Blood Glucose -D+H1 -D+H2 ting p -DC 0 20 -DG and 2 5 (T/Jomm) days. e me ker i.e ž SUI panc :β in nistra 5 d low s in d of sed w 🗃 Day 0 Day 7 Dav Dav Day eral c 🕼 as gr 21 28 14 these DC D+H1 D+H2 DG NC N+H1 N+H2

Composition (propolis)

- phenolic compounds (flavonoids & phenolic acids)
- wax
- minerals calcium, magnesium, phosphorus

Biological properties (propolis)

- antioxidant
- antibacteria
- anticancer (breast, oral)
- antidiabetes



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Short Communication

PHYTOCHEMICAL SCREENING AND COMPARISON OF ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY OF WATER AND ETHANOL EXTRACT PROPOLIS FROM MALAYSIA

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Received: 11 Jan 2016 Revised and Accepted: 15 Mar 2016

ABSTRACT

Table 2: Antioxidants property of Malaysian propolis extracts

WEP	EEP
70.69±0.49	82.44±0.05*
119.00±7.00	646.67±30.44*
87.58±5.20	209.83±1.42*
	70.69±0.49 119.00±7.00

Data are mean±standard deviation (n=3). WEP: water extract propolis, EEP: ethanol extracts propolis. *P<0.05 compared to WEP (Independent *t*-test).

Biomedical Research 2016; 27 (1): 46-51

Phytochemical composition and activity against hyperglycaemia of Malaysian propolis in diabetic rats.

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Abstract

Diabetes mellitus (DM) is a disease associated with hyperglycaemia and loss of body weight. Brazilian propolis is shown to have hypoglycaemic effect in diabetic rats. However, the role of Malaysian propolis on food intake, body weight gain and fasting blood glucose in diabetes has yet been reported. We simed to determine the phytochemical compounds in othered extract

Cround	Fasting blood glucose (mg/dl)				
Groups	Before treatment	After treatment			
Non-DM	92.17 (3.19)	91.17 (2.56)			
DM	435.50 (90.52) ^a	533.17 (70.37) ^a			
DM+300EEP	446.17 (31.67) ^a	308.67 (39.38) ^{a, b}			
DM+600EEP	425.00 (81.48) ^a	243.00 (82.00) ^{a, b}			
DM+metformin	519.00 (58.87) ^a	252.50 (63.82) ^{a, b}			

Results are expressed as mean \pm SD and n= 6 for each group.



Research Article

Antioxidant Properties and Cardioprotective Mechanism of Malaysian Propolis in Rats

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Parameters	Treatment				
	Control	MP	ISO	MP + ISO	
SOD (units/mg of protein)	1.53 ± 0.15^{a}	1.96 ± 0.04^{a}	$0.13 \pm 0.02^{\circ}$	$0.31\pm0.05^{\rm b}$	
GRx (nmol NADPH oxidized/min/mg of protein)	96.23 ± 6.70^{a}	94.32 ± 1.74^{a}	71.07 ± 4.78^{b}	89.13 ± 9.28^a	
GPx (nmol NADPH oxidized/min/mg of protein)	2.95 ± 0.57^{a}	2.27 ± 0.52^{a}	0.90 ± 0.02^{b}	1.98 ± 0.51^{a}	
GST (nmol CDNB conjugated/min/mg of protein)	2.08 ± 0.20^{a}	2.55 ± 0.43^{a}	1.29 ± 0.18^{b}	2.13 ± 0.63^a	

Data are presented as means \pm SD, n = 8.

^{a,b,c} Values in the same row that do not share superscript letters (a, b, and c) indicate significant difference at p < 0.05. MP: Malaysian Propolis. ISO: isoproterenol.

Composition (bee bread)

- carbohydrate (fructose, glucose, sucrose)
- proteins (amino acid essentials & nonessentials)
- minerals (calcium, iron, zinc)
- vitamins (A, B, C, D, E, K, Folic acid)
- phenolic compounds (flavonoids & phenolic acids)

Biological properties (bee bread)

- antioxidant
- antibacteria
- anticancer (breast, oral)
- antidiabetes

• pH 3.5 - 4.2 (lactic acids; fresh pollen pH ~ 7.2)



ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE

Total phenolic content, total flavonoid and antioxidant activity of ethanolic bee pollen extracts from three species of Malaysian stingless bee

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(Received 13 July 2016; accepted 17 January 2017)

Bee pollen consists of flower pollen mixed with bee digestive enzymes and preserved with some honey and nectar. It contains high antioxidant activity due to the presence of polyphenols and flavonoids. This study was aimed at investigating the chemical profiles of bee pollen extracts from three species of Malaysian stingless bee, *Trigona (Tetrigona) apicalis, Trigona (Heterotrigona) itama* and *Trigona (Geniotrigona) thoracica.* Chemical profiles analyzed were total phenolic content

Table 2.	Summary of	TPC, 1	TFC and	antioxidant	activity	(EC50) ir	different species.
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Species	TPC (mg/g GAE)*	TFC (mg/g QE)*	EC50 (mg/ml)*
T. apicalis	135.93 ± 0.02	25.72 ± 0.17	1.05 ± 0.01
T. itama	33.46 ± 0.02	15.28 ± 0.04	3.24 ± 0.03
T. thoracica	103.62 ± 0.04	31.80 ± 0.13	0.86 ± 0.01
Mean value of the three stingless bee species	91.00 ± 0.03	24.27 ± 0.11	1.72 ± 0.02

*Results are given as mean and standard deviation of three replicates; n = 1.



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Entomological research http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apjtb.2015.12.011

Bee pollen extract of Malaysian stingless bee enhances the effect of cisplatin on breast cancer cell lines



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ARTICLE INFO

ABSTRACT











































dehydrator



Risk

- Allergic reaction
 - itchiness (throat, mouth)
 - numbness especially lips & face
 - swollen face
 - breathlessness
 - acute renal failure (propolis, bee pollen)



CASE REPORT

Acute Renal Failure Induced by a Brazilian Variety of Propolis

Yi-Jung Li, MD, Ja-Liang Lin, MD, Chih-Wei Yang, MD, and Chun-Chen Yu, MD

• Propolis is a resinous substance collected by honeybees and used in hive construction and maintenance. Cumulative evidence suggests that propolis may have anti-inflammatory, antibiotic, antioxidant, antihepatotoxic, and antitumor properties. In addition to topical applications, products containing propolis have been used increasingly as dietary supplements. Although reports of allergic reactions are not uncommon, propolis is reputed to be relatively nontoxic. Its systemic toxicity is rarely reported and hence may be underestimated. This is the first report of propolis-induced acute renal failure. A 59-year-old man required hemodialysis for acute renal failure. The patient had cholangiocarcinoma and had ingested propolis for 2 weeks before presentation. Renal function improved after propolis withdrawal, deteriorated again after reexposure, and then returned to a normal level after the second propolis withdrawal. This case indicates that propolis can induce acute renal failure and emphasizes the need for vigilance and care when propolis is used as a medicine or dietary supplement. *Am J Kidney Dis* 46: E125-E129.

© 2005 by the National Kidney Foundation, Inc.

INDEX WORDS: Propolis; acute renal failure.



Therapeutic Apheresis and Dialysis 14(1):93–97 doi: 10.1111/j.1744-9987.2009.00707.x © 2010 The Authors Journal compilation © 2010 International Society for Apheresis

A Case Report of Acute Renal Failure Associated With Bee Pollen Contained in Nutritional Supplements

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Abstract: We report a case of renal failure associated with the ingestion of bee pollen containing nutritional supplement. A 49-year-old male patient who had been ingesting a nutritional supplement for more than five months had breathing difficulties, anuria, exceptional weight gain (20 kg) due to systemic edema, and loss of appetite. A renal biopsy confirmed interstitial nephritis with the presence of eosinophils, which is suggestive of drug-induced acute renal failure. The nutritional supplement was ceased and hemodialysis begun. The patient's condition improved after several hemodialysis sessions, which were then stopped. Current information regarding the adverse effects of bee pollen is not very robust, therefore potential damage should be kept in mind before ingesting nutritional supplements in which it is contained. This report serves as an important reminder to the public as well as healthcare providers of the potential of renal failure related to nutritional supplements. **Key Words:** Acute renal failure, Bee pollen, Hemodialysis, Nutritional supplement, Proteinuria. Natural/ Traditional Products Required To Be Registered as Traditional Medicine (not new drug) (National Pharmaceutical Regulatory Agency (NPRA), Ministry of Health (MOH), Malaysia)

- Traditional medicine in pharmaceutical dosage form with claims.
- eg: pill/ tablet, soft gel, capsule, tea bag, powder



NPRA-Product Codes:

- A: Scheduled Poisons
- X: Non-scheduled Poisons (over the counter products)
- T: Traditional Medicines
- K/KE: Cosmetics
- C: Contract Manufactured
- E: Export Only
- R: Repacked
- S: Second source
- Traditional Medicines (label) MALXXXXXT
- Cosmetics (Label) NOTXXXXXXXXK

 Traditional medicine is defined as any product used in the practice of indigenous medicine, in which the drug consists solely of one or more naturally occurring substances of a plant, animal or mineral, or parts thereof, in the unextracted or crude extract form and a homeopathic medicines.

Natural/ Traditional Products : Not Required to be Registered as Traditional Medicine

- Extemporaneous medicine prepared and given directly to patient by traditional practitioner.
- Herbal medicine containing plants produced only through drying, grinding or blending (raw herbs).
- A herbal preparation containing plants normally taken as food and consumed as a drink/beverage with no medicinal claim.
- a preparation used for a cosmetic purpose (eg. to whiten the skin) shall be registered as a cosmetic product.









Evaluation of Traditional Medicine/ Natural products

- Quality
- Safety
- Efficacy based on the claimed benefits and documented use as folk medicines based on philosophy of the respective traditional medicines.

Quality

- Raw material
- Finished product (excipient? dosage?)
- Extraction good manufacturing practice certified company, solvent?
- Heavy metal analysis
- Microbial analysis
- Stability testing
- Disintegration test (tablet)

Safety

- Does not contain banned ingredients
- Warning statements/adverse effects on product label
- Contains substances in allowable limits/dose
- Limits for heavy metals, limits for microbial contamination, no adulterants

Men' health – sildenafil, tadanafil & its analogue Slimming – fenfluramine Muscle & joint pain – NSAIDS, steroids Cough & cold - antihistamine

Examples of indication allowed (low & medium claims) Traditionally used.....

GENERAL HEALTH MAINTENANCE/ KESIHATAN AM

- for general health maintenance / for general well being
- for health and strengthening the body

BLOOD & BODY FLUID / DARAH & CECAIR BADAN

- for improving blood circulation
- to improve urination
- for improving bowel movement

BONE, MUSCLE AND JOINT / TULANG, OTOT & SENDI

- for strengthening muscle and bone
- for relieving muscular ache .
- for relieving waist ache and backache

SKIN AND EXTERNAL USE

 for symptomatic relief of pain and itch associated with insect bites

Examples of indication allowed

Traditionally used.....

PAIN & FEVER / SAKIT AM & DEMAM

- to relieve / alleviate pain
- for relieving headache

COUGH & COLD

- to relief cough and cold
- to relief of nasal congestion

DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

- for relief of stomachache, mild diarrhea
- for relief of flatulence, stomach ache, mild diarrhea and
- loss of appetite

WOMEN'S HEALTH / MEN'S HEALTH

- to relief menstrual pain, headache,
- to relief vaginal discharge
- for energy and men's health/ for vitality



Non-permissible Indications

- 1. Penyakit atau kecacatan ginjal / Disease or defects of the kidney
- 2. Penyakit atau kecacatan jantung / Disease or defects of the heart
- 3. Kencing manis / Diabetes
- 4. Epilepsi atau sawan / Epilepsy or fits
- 5. Kelumpuhan / Paralysis
- 6. Tibi / Tuberculosis
- 7. Asma / Asthma
- 8. Kusta / Leprosy
- 9. Kanser / Cancer
- 10.Kepekakan / Deafness

Non-permissible Indications

- 11.Ketagihan dadah / Drug addiction
- 12.Hernia atau pecah / Hernia or rupture
- 13. Penyakit mata / Disease of the eye
- 14. Hipertensi (Darah Tinggi) / Hypertension
- 15.Sakit otak / Mental disorder
- 16.Kemandulan / Infertility
- 17.Kaku / Frigidity
- 18.Lemah fungsi seks atau impoten / Impairment of sexual function or impotency
- 19. Penyakit venerus / Venereal disease
- 20.Lemah urat saraf atau aduan atau kelemahan lain timbul daripada atau berhubungkait dengan perhubungan seks / Nervous debility or pother complaint of infirmity arising from or relating to sexual intercourse.

Drug Registration Guidance Document (DRGD)

e) Example of label approved by the Authority:

This is a traditional medicine		Each Capsule (Vegetable capsule) contains :
Please consult your pharmacist/ doctor before taking this product	KAPSUL PQR	Folium XX 200mg Fructus QY 300mg
Jauhkan daripada kanak-kanak Keep out of reach of children	500MG	Dosage : 2 capsule taken twice a day after food
Indication: Traditionally used for women's health	MALXXXXXXXX	
Warning: Pregnancy and		Marketing authorization holder:
breastfeeding: Insufficient reliable data	50 CAPSULE	Syarikat XYZ Sdn Bhd 18, Jalan Utama 47000 Sungai Buloh
Keep below 30 ° celcius Protect from light and moisture		Selangor
	Hologram	Manufactured by:
Manufacturing date: Expiry date: Batch No.:		Syarikat ABC Sdn Bhd 3, Jalan Universiti 46730 Petaling Jaya



*Source: ACRO

Challenges??

- Analysis & standardization of finished products
- Safety and side effects of the formulation (toxicity studies)
- Correct dose & duration of treatment (preand clinical studies)
- Mode of action (mechanism of action)
- Drug-natural product interaction

Cosmetics (Quality)

- good manufacturing practice certified company (contract manufacturing)
- heavy metal analysis
- microbial analysis
- does not contain banned ingredients (mercury, hydroquinone, tretinoin)
- product registration (NOTXXXXXXXXK)
- halal?







Summary

- stingless bee products have medicinal properties and needs further research, budget??
- many end-products can be developed
- challenges fulfill the requirement
- important to meet the stringent quality guideline
- the sustainability of stingless bee industry
- protect the public from any harmful effects













Thank you mahaneem@usm.my